# CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

### ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2934

## 56th Legislature 2000 Regular Session

Passed by the House February 10, 2000 Yeas 97 Nays 0  Speaker of the House of Representatives	CERTIFICATE  We, Timothy A. Martin and Cynthia Zehnder, Co-Chief Clerks of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2934 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.
Speaker of the House of Representatives	
Passed by the Senate March 3, 2000 Yeas 46 Nays 0	Chief Clerk
	Chief Clerk
President of the Senate	
Approved	FILED
Governor of the State of Washington	Secretary of State

#### ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2934

Passed Legislature - 2000 Regular Session

State of Washington 56th Legislature 2000 Regular Session

**By** House Committee on Local Government (originally sponsored by Representative Koster)

Read first time 02/02/2000. Referred to Committee on .

- 1 AN ACT Relating to accessory buildings and structures within the
- 2 flood plain; and amending RCW 86.16.041.

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- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 Sec. 1. RCW 86.16.041 and 1999 c 9 s 1 are each amended to read as 5 follows:
- 6 (1) Beginning July 26, 1987, every county and incorporated city and
  7 town shall submit to the department of ecology any new flood plain
  8 management ordinance or amendment to any existing flood plain
  9 management ordinance. Such ordinance or amendment shall take effect
  10 thirty days from filing with the department unless the department
- 12 (2) The department may disapprove any ordinance or amendment 13 submitted to it under subsection (1) of this section if it finds that 14 an ordinance or amendment does not comply with any of the following:

disapproves such ordinance or amendment within that time period.

- (a) Restriction of land uses within designated floodways including the prohibition of construction or reconstruction, repair, or replacement of residential structures, except for: (i) Repairs, reconstruction, or improvements to a structure which do not increase
- 19 the ground floor area; and (ii) repairs, reconstruction, or

- 1 improvements to a structure the cost of which does not exceed fifty
- 2 percent of the market value of the structure either, (A) before the
- 3 repair, reconstruction, or repair is started, or (B) if the structure
- 4 has been damaged, and is being restored, before the damage occurred.
- 5 ((Work done on structures to comply with existing health, sanitary, or
- 6 safety codes or to structures identified as historic places shall not
- 7 be included in the fifty percent determination.)) Any project for
- 8 <u>improvement of a structure to correct existing violations of state or</u>
- 9 local health, sanitary, or safety code specifications that have been
- 10 identified by the local code or building enforcement official and which
- 11 <u>are the minimum necessary to ensure safe living conditions shall not be</u>
- 12 <u>included in the fifty percent determination</u>. However, the floodway
- 13 prohibition in this subsection does not apply to existing farmhouses in
- 14 designated floodways that meet the provisions of subsection (3) of this
- 15 section, or to substantially damaged residential structures other than
- 16 <u>farmhouses</u> that meet the depth and velocity and erosion analysis in
- 17 <u>subsection (4) of this section, or to structures identified as historic</u>
- 18 places;
- 19 (b) The minimum requirements of the national flood insurance
- 20 program; and
- 21 (c) The minimum state requirements adopted pursuant to RCW
- 22 86.16.031(8) that are applicable to the particular county, city, or
- 23 town.
- 24 (3) Repairs, reconstruction, replacement, or improvements to
- 25 existing farmhouse structures located in designated floodways and which
- 26 are located on lands designated as agricultural lands of long-term
- 27 commercial significance under RCW 36.70A.170 shall be permitted subject
- 28 to the following:
- 29 (a) The new farmhouse is a replacement for an existing farmhouse on
- 30 the same farm site;
- 31 (b) There is no potential building site for a replacement farmhouse
- 32 on the same farm outside the designated floodway;
- 33 (c) Repairs, reconstruction, or improvements to a farmhouse shall
- 34 not increase the total square footage of encroachment of the existing
- 35 farmhouse;
- 36 (d) A replacement farmhouse shall not exceed the total square
- 37 footage of encroachment of the ((structure)) farmhouse it is replacing;

- 1 (e) A farmhouse being replaced shall be removed, in its entirety, 2 including foundation, from the floodway within ninety days after 3 occupancy of a new farmhouse;
- 4 (f) For substantial improvements, and replacement farmhouses, the 5 elevation of the lowest floor of the improvement and farmhouse 6 respectively, including basement, is <u>a minimum of</u> one foot higher than 7 the base flood elevation;
- 8 (g) New and replacement water supply systems are designed to 9 eliminate or minimize infiltration of flood waters into the system;
- (h) New and replacement sanitary sewerage systems are designed and located to eliminate or minimize infiltration of flood water into the system and discharge from the system into the flood waters; and
- (i) All other utilities and connections to public utilities are designed, constructed, and located to eliminate or minimize flood damage.
- (4) ((Replacement home siting other than farmhouses must evaluate flood depth, flood velocity, and flood-related erosion, in order to identify a building site that offers the least risk of harm to life and property.
- all ((other)) substantially damaged residential 20 <del>(5)</del>))) For structures other than farmhouses that are located in a designated 21 floodway ((and damaged by flooding or flood-related erosion)), the 22 department, at the request of the town, city, or county with land use 23 24 authority over the structure, is authorized to assess the risk of harm 25 to life and property posed by the specific conditions of the floodway, 26 and, based upon scientific analysis of depth, velocity, and flood-27 related erosion, may exercise best professional judgment recommending to the permitting authority, repair, replacement, or 28 29 relocation of such damaged structures. The effect of the department's 30 recommendation, with the town, city, or county's concurrence, to allow repair or replacement of a ((flood-damaged residence)) substantially 31 damaged residential structure within the designated floodway is a 32 waiver of the floodway prohibition. 33
- $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$  (5) The department shall develop a rule or rule amendment guiding the assessment procedures and criteria described in subsections  $(3)((\frac{1}{(7)}))$  and  $(4)((\frac{1}{(7)}))$  of this section no later than December 31,  $((\frac{1999}{(1999)}))$  2000.

- 1 where resulting agricultural products are not produced for the primary
- 2 consumption or use by the occupants and the farm owner.

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